This concert begins long before the first instrument has sounded—with the songs of birds, which for human musicians of many places and times in history have represented models of both delicacy and strength, of worldly as well as spiritual passion, and of sheer musical prowess. In the Prologue, The Blind Minstrel in the Forest, the words of the famous Turkish folk troubadour Aşık Veyssel Şatiroğlu, blind from childhood, emerge from a collage of birds sounds, the first of several times in the concert when musicians seem to take a lesson from nature. Part II, Cantemir’s Flock of Birds and Rameau’s Nightingale, combines bird compositions associated with two celebrated aristocratic musical figures of 18th century Istanbul and Paris, Dimitri Cantemir (1673-1723) and Jean-Philippe Rameau (1683-1764). Two anonymous instrumental pieces preserved in Prince Cantemir’s special notation system frame two vocal pieces characteristic of each culture: an Ottoman gazel or vocal improvisation, and an aria from a French opera. The 16th century gazel text (as much Persian as Turkish) is secular, but its images are saturated with allusions to Islamic mysticism (Sufism). In the aria, a young shepherdess (performed, in keeping with a common 18th century European practice, by a high male voice) sings an evocation to the Goddess Diana. Part III, Birds of Paradise, opens with a movement from Olivier Messiaen’s famous Quartet for the end of time, composed while he was in a Nazi prison camp at Görlitz in 1941. For this Roman Catholic mystic who spent a lifetime meticulously recording birdsong in musical notation, the sound of birds at sunrise evokes “the harmonious silence of heaven”, an image elaborated in the Turkish Sufi songs which immediately follow it. An Ottoman sultan describes the tumult of the birds at sunrise as a call to awaken from heedlessness and sin. To village Sufi (Alevi-Baktaşi) poets, the nightingale singing in the garden resembles their own passionate longing for union with God. Nightingales, cuckoos and thrushes (Part IV) is an assemblage of instrumental pieces from Renaissance Europe and the contemporary Greek and Turkish countryside which explicitly imitate the virtuosic variety of birdsong. This section closes with one musician’s attempt to master the complexities of a Wood Thrush’s songs by slowing them down to something closer to conventional human music. Part V, The Bird in the Gilded Cage, consists of Turkish folk songs in which birds remind the singer of his human lover. The set closes with the most basic and universal of all songs, the lullaby (nenni), in which the crane and the nightingale hover like parents over a sleeping child.
I. Prologue: The Blind Minstrel in the Forest
Asik Veysel speaks to the birds.
American Goldfinch, Black-capped Chickadee, Blue Jay, Cardinal, Cassin's Finch, Downy Woodpecker,
Evening Grosbeak, Flicker, Housefinch, Junco, Mourning Dove, Nuthatch, Pine Siskin, Redwing Blackbird,
Scrub Jay, Song Sparrow, Stellar's Jay, Titmouse, Towhee, White-crowned Sparrow, Woodpecker
(Thanks to the Cornell Laboratory of Ornithology, Ithaca, New York)  C. Mutlu, voice

Türkü [folk song]: Seherde ağlayan bülbül
Asik Veysel Satiroğlu (1894-1973)
Seherde ağlayan bülbül
The nightingale crying at sunrise
Sen ağılama ben ağıyım
Don't cry, instead I'll cry
Ciğerim dağlayan bülbül
O nightingale which sears my lungs
Sen ağılama ben ağıyım bülbül...
Don't cry, instead I'll cry…

II. Cantemir's Flock of Birds and Rameau’s Nightingale
Courtly bird poetry and music from 18th century Turkey and France.
S. Baliga/ney  B. Cohen/violin, yaylı tanbur  J. Godoy/recorder E. Günaydın/percussion
R. Labaree/ceng C. Mutlu/percussion M. Sanlıkol/ney, voice, ud
R. Seidler/cello N. Sender/ney F. Stubbs/ney

Karkara (“the cooing of birds”) in Neva Makam and Muhammes Usul (16/8)  Anonymous
notated by Dimitri Cantemir (1673-1723)

Gazel: "İrişür bir dem" (vocal improvisation)  words: Taşcalı Yahya Bey (d. 1582)
İrişür bir dem ki murg-i canuni saydı eyleyüp
A time will come when the bird of your life will be hunted
Nagehan şehbazi ömr-i bi-karar elden gider
Suddenly, the royal falcon of this life will leave the hand.

Rossignols amoureux (aria from Hyppolyte et Aricie)  Jean-Philippe Rameau (1683-1764)
Rossignols amoureux répondez à nos voix
Nightingales of love answer our voices
Par la douceur do vos ramages
With your sweet warbling
Rendez le plus tenders hommages à la divinité
Offer your tenderest homage to the divinity
Qui règne dans nos bois
Who reigns in our wood.

Kuzgun (“crows”) in Şehnaz Makam and Düyek Usul (8/8)  Anonymous
notated by Dimitri Cantemir

III. Birds of Paradise
The religious mystic on the meaning of birdsong.
Beth Bahia Cohen/violin  Wallace Corey-Dunbar/voice  Engin Günaydın/percussion, voice
Robert Labaree/ceng, percussion, voice  Warrick Moses/clarinet  Cem Mutlu/percussion, voice
Mehmet Ali Sanlıkol/saz, voice  Reinmar Seidler/cello  Lucy Tan/piano

Quattuor pour la fin du temps (Quartet for the end of time)  Olivier Messiaen (1908-92)
Movement I: Liturgie du crystal
Liturgy of Crystal
Between three and four in the morning, the awakening of birds: a solo blackbird or nightingale improvises,
surrounded by a shimmer of sound, by a halo of trills lost very high in the trees. Transpose this on to a religious
plane and you have the harmonious silence of heaven. (Olivier Messiaen)

Uyan ey gözlerim (ilahi: Sufi devotional song)  music: anonymous  words: Sultan Murad IV
(Ottoman Sultan 1623-40)

Uyan ey gözlerim gafletten uyan
Awake, my eyes, from heedlessness!
Uyan uykusu çok gözlerim uyan
From your drowsiness, awake!
Azcrai’i’n kasıki canadır inan
Know that the Angel of Death seeks your soul
Uyan ey gözlerim gafletten uyan
Awake, my eyes, from heedlessness!
Uyan uykusu çok gözlerim uyan
From your drowsiness, awake!
Seherde uyanılar cümle kuşlar
At sunrise the birds waken with a tumult
Dilli dillerince tesbihé başlar
Touching the heart with their tongues, they begin to pray
Tevhid eyler dağlar taşlar ağaçlar...
Mountains, stones, trees—all proclaim the Oneness of God...
Seher vaktı kalkan kervan (nefes: song of the Alevi-Bektaşi Sufis) Pir Sultan Abdal (1480-1550)
Seher vaktı kalkan kervan The caravan rising at dawn
İniler de zarılanır Descends and begins to move
Bir güzele düşen gönlü The heart which has fallen for a beauty
Çiçeklenir gorulanır Blossoms and ages
Bahçemizde güller biter In our garden the flowers blossom
Dalında bülbüller öter On their branches the nightingales twitter
Engel gelir bir kal katar Then an obstacle arises
Olan işler gerilendir And we fall behind

Ötme bülbül ötme (nefes: song of the Alevi-Bektaşi Sufis) words: Pir Sultan Abdal (1480–1550)
Ötme bülbül ötme, şen değil bağımsız Do not sing, nightingale, my garden is not a cheerful place
Dost senin derdinden ben yana yana I’m burning from the pain you have caused me, O Friend
Tükendi fitilim eridi yağım My wick is exhausted, my oil is spent
Dost senin derdinden ben yana yana I’m burning from the pain you have caused me, O Friend
Deryadan bölünmüş sellere döndüm I turned into rivers separated from the sea
Ateşi kararmış küllere döndüm And I turned into ashes left over from a fire
Vaktisiz açılmış güllere döndüm So I turned into flowers untimely blossomed
Dost senin derdinden ben yana yana I’m burning from the pain you have caused me, O Friend

INTERMISSION

IV. Nightingales, cuckoos and thrushes
Imitating birds with instruments in Greece and Renaissance Europe.
B. Cohen/violin W. Moses/clarinet  H. Degruillier/recorder  J. Godoy/recorder  M. Sanlıkol/louto  T. Zajac/recorder  Hermit Thrush

Der Engels Nachtegaeltje (the English Nightingale) Jacob van Eyck (1590-1657)

Skaros/Sta Dhio (improvisation and dance) traditional Greek: Epiros (Nortwestern Greece)

Coockow as I me walked John Baldwine (1581-1606)

Nightingale Thomas Weelkes (1576-1623)

A lesson with the Hermit Thrush

V. The Bird in the Gilded Cage
The voice of the lover in Turkish folk song.
E. Günaydın/percussion, voice  R. Labaree/percussion, voice  S. Labaree/voice  C. Mutlu/percussion, voice  M. Sanlıkol/saz, voice

Bülbülüm altın kafeste (türkü/folk song) traditional: Trakya
Bülbülüm altın kafeste My nightingale is in a golden cage
Öter aheste aheste He sings gently
Ötme bülbül yarım haste... Do not sing, nightingale, my love is ill...

Ne ötersin dertli dertli (türkü/folk song) traditional: Sivas
Ne ötersin dertli dertli What do you sing so sorrowfully?
Dayanamam zara bülbül I can’t bear the bitterness, nightingale
Hem dertliyim hem firkatli I’m in pain and separated from her
Yakma beni nara bülbül Don’t consume me with your cries, nightingale

Nenni (lullaby) traditional: Elaziğ
Bebeğin beşiği camdan The baby’s cradle is made of pine
Yuvarlandi düştü damdan It came tumbling down from the roof
Tellî durma gelir Şamdan (nenni oy) The crane comes from Syria
Bülbülün kanadı sari The wings of the nightingale are yellow
Sen ağlarsın zarı zarı (nenni oy) Why do you cry so bitterly?
Special thanks to Beth Bahia Cohen, who first suggested the idea of a bird song concert nearly 20 years ago. The range of repertoires she has mastered over many years has been key to the realization of this program.

The musicians

Shanteri Baliga (ney) has been a student of Frederick Stubbs for over 12 years, and plays with a number of Boston based ensembles. Beth Bahia Cohen (bowed tanbur, violin) plays and teaches bowed strings from the Middle East and Eastern Europe, and is a Music faculty member at Tufts University. Wallace Corey-Dunbar (male soprano) is a singer and musicologist serving as Coordinator of Firestone Library Services at NEC. Héloïse Degrugillier (recorder) has a Masters in Music from Utrecht Conservatory and has worked extensively as a recorder performer and teacher throughout Europe and the U.S. Justin Godoy (recorder) is a performer and composer, appearing regularly with leading period ensembles, including the Boston Early Music Festival Orchestra and Hesperus. Engin Günday (voice, percussion) has a degree in classical percussion from Bilkent University in Turkey, and is studying at Berklee. Robert Labaree (çeng, voice, percussion) is chair of the Music History Department of New England Conservatory and Vice President of DÜNYA. Sophie Labaree (voice) is a sophomore at Beloit College in Wisconsin. Warrick Moses (clarinet) is a graduate of the Boston University School of Music and teaches in the Boston Public Schools. Cem Mutlu (voice, percussion), a member of the DÜNYA board, plays jazz and a variety of world musics with groups in the Boston area. Mehmet Ali Sanlıkol (voice, ud, saz, ney, laouto), completed his doctorate in composition at NEC in 2004, is a composer and jazz pianist and president of DÜNYA. Reinmar Seidler performs and teaches 400 years of cello repertoire, serves as principal cellist of the Handel and Haydn Society, and performs Scottish fiddle tunes with New Rigged Ship. Noam Sender (voice, ney) performs with a variety of ensembles in the Boston area and is a member of the advisory board of DÜNYA. Frederick Stubbs (ney) teaches World Music and Ethnomusicology at the University of Massachusetts-Boston. Lucy Tan (piano) is a student of Bruce Brubaker at NEC, and recently performed in Messiaen’s Catalogue d’Oiseaux and Oiseaux Exotiques. Thomas Zajac (recorder) is a specialist in Medieval and Renaissance music, performs with leading early music groups in the US, and teaches at Wellesley College.

DÜNYA (the Turkish, Arabic, Persian, Greek word for "world") is a non-profit, tax exempt educational organization founded in Boston in 2004. Its goal is to present a contemporary view of a wide range of Turkish traditions, alone and in interaction with other world traditions, through performance, recording, publication and other educational activities. DÜNYA seeks to work with a wide range of cultural and religious organizations and musical groups, but relies on no particular political, governmental or religious affiliation or support of any kind.

Mehmet Ali Sanlıkol, President  Robert Labaree, Vice President

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